

# Introduction to Programming using PYTHON

## Session 6

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October 23, 2006

# Part I

## Object-oriented Programming

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### e.g. Banking

- Operations: Calculating interests, currency conversions
- Entities: Accounts, Customers

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## Objects and Classes

- In object-oriented programming, program design is centered on the entities of the problem space: **Objects**
- A program consists of **Objects** interacting through messages called **Methods**
- Each **Object** can contain **Attributes**
- The behaviour of an **Object** is defined by its **Class**
- Every **Object** is an **Instance** of a **Class**

# Object-oriented programming

Example: Mobile phones

## The MobilePhone Class

```
class MobilePhone:
    def __init__(self):
        self.__allCallsDuration = 0
        self.__allSentMessages = 0
        self.__outbox = []
```

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class MobilePhone:
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    def makeCall(self, duration):
        self.__allCallsDuration += duration
```

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Example: Mobile phones

## The MobilePhone Class

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class MobilePhone:
    def __init__(self):
        self.__allCallsDuration = 0
        self.__allSentMessages = 0
        self.__outbox = []

    def makeCall(self, duration):
        self.__allCallsDuration += duration

    def sendSMS(self, message):
        self.__allSentMessages += 1
        self.__outbox.append(message)
```

# Object-oriented programming

## Example: Mobile phones

### The MobilePhone Class

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class MobilePhone:
    def __init__(self):
        self.__allCallsDuration = 0
        self.__allSentMessages = 0
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    def makeCall(self, duration):
        self.__allCallsDuration += duration

    def sendSMS(self, message):
        self.__allSentMessages += 1
        self.__outbox.append(message)

    def __str__(self):
        return """
        ALL CALLS = %s
        # SENT MESSAGES = %s
        OUTBOX:
        %s
        """ % (self.__allCallsDuration, self.__allSentMessages, '\n'.join(self.__outbox))
```

# Object-oriented programming

Example: Mobile phones

## The PrepaidMobilePhone Class

```
class PrepaidMobilePhone(MobilePhone):
    INITIAL_CREDIT = 500
    TARIFF = 5

    def __init__(self):
        self.__credit = PrepaidMobilePhone.INITIAL_CREDIT
        MobilePhone.__init__(self)
```

# Object-oriented programming

## Example: Mobile phones

### The PrepaidMobilePhone Class

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    INITIAL_CREDIT = 500
    TARIFF = 5

    def __init__(self):
        self.__credit = PrepaidMobilePhone.INITIAL_CREDIT
        MobilePhone.__init__(self)

    def makeCall(self, duration):
        if (self.__credit >= duration * PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF):
            self.__credit -= duration * PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF
            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, duration)
        elif self.__credit > 0:
            actualDuration = float(self.__credit) / PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF
            self.__credit = 0
            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, actualDuration)
        else:
            raise NotEnoughCredit, "Not enough credit to make calls"
```



# Object-oriented programming

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        elif self.__credit > 0:
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            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, actualDuration)
        else:
            raise NotEnoughCredit, "Not enough credit to make calls"

    def sendSMS(self, message):
        if (self.__credit):
            MobilePhone.sendSMS(self, message)
        else:
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            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, duration)
        elif self.__credit > 0:
            actualDuration = float(self.__credit) / PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF
            self.__credit = 0
            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, actualDuration)
        else:
            raise NotEnoughCredit, "Not enough credit to make calls"

    def sendSMS(self, message):
        if (self.__credit):
            MobilePhone.sendSMS(self, message)
        else:
            raise NotEnoughCredit, "Not enough credit to send messages"

    def rechargeCredit(self, value):
        self.__credit += value
```

# Object-oriented programming

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    INITIAL_CREDIT = 500
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    def __init__(self):
        self.__credit = PrepaidMobilePhone.INITIAL_CREDIT
        MobilePhone.__init__(self)

    def makeCall(self, duration):
        if (self.__credit >= duration * PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF):
            self.__credit -= duration * PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF
            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, duration)
        elif self.__credit > 0:
            actualDuration = float(self.__credit) / PrepaidMobilePhone.TARIFF
            self.__credit = 0
            MobilePhone.makeCall(self, actualDuration)
        else:
            raise NotEnoughCredit, "Not enough credit to make calls"

    def sendSMS(self, message):
        if (self.__credit):
            MobilePhone.sendSMS(self, message)
        else:
            raise NotEnoughCredit, "Not enough credit to send messages"

    def __str__(self):
        return MobilePhone.__str__(self) + "" CREDIT = %s      "" % (self.__credit)
```

# Object-oriented programming

Example: Mobile phones

## Instantiating Classes

```
from MobilePhone import *

gp = MobilePhone()
pp = PrepaidMobilePhone()

try:
    gp.makeCall(100)
    pp.makeCall(100)

    print isinstance(gp, PrepaidMobilePhone)
    print 'chargeCredit' in dir(gp)
    print 'chargeCredit' in dir(pp)
    pp.chargeCredit(1000)

    gp.sendSMS('hello world')
    pp.sendSMS('hello world')

except NotEnoughCredit, e:
    print "Credit Error:", e
except Exception, e:
    print "Unexpected Error:", e

print vars(gp)
print vars(pp)
```

### Birds

Consider Birds, and their ability to tweet, fly, and drink from fountains. Consider also special kinds of Birds like Penguins and Swallows and their interactions with a single small Fountain with a limited amount of water.

Write a few classes trying to model the behaviour of this simple world and write a small program instantiating those classes.

# For the next session

- From the manual
  - Read chapter 18
- A Series 2 will be given in the next and last session